# Kentstown National School Anti-Bullying Policy

- 1. In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of **Kentstown National School** has adopted the following antibullying policy within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- 2. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

#### (a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment;
   and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;
- (b) Effective leadership
- (c) A school-wide approach
- (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact
- (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-
  - build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
  - explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
- (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils
- (g) Supports for staff
- (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
- (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.
- 3. In accordance with the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and

• identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*.

#### **Examples of bullying behaviours**

## Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation General behaviours which e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc. apply to all types of Physical aggression bullying Damage to property Name calling Slagging The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person Offensive graffiti Extortion Intimidation Insulting or offensive gestures The "look" Invasion of personal space A combination of any of the types listed

Cyber	<ul> <li>Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's reputation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing messages to an individual</li> </ul>
	• <b>Impersonation</b> : Posting offensive or aggressive messages under another person's name
	• Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an online fight
	<ul> <li>Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising information or images</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes a</li> </ul>
	person considerable fear for his/her safety
	<ul> <li>Silent telephone/mobile phone call</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Abusive text messages</li> </ul>
	Abusive email
	<ul> <li>Abusive communication on social networks e.g. Facebook/Ask.fm/</li> <li>Twitter/You Tube or on games consoles</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Abusive posts on any form of communication technology</li> </ul>

	criminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, and orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller	
Homophobic and Transgender  Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the	<ul> <li>Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation</li> <li>Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation</li> <li>Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner</li> <li>Physical intimidation or attacks</li> <li>Threats</li> <li>Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background</li> <li>Exclusion on the basis of any of the above</li> </ul>	
Traveller community		
Relational	This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include:  Malicious gossip Isolation and exclusion Ignoring Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away Spreading rumours Breaking confidence Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear The "look" Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way  Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching Harassment	
Special Educational Needs, Disability	<ul> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues.</li> <li>Mimicking a person's disability</li> <li>Setting others up for ridicule</li> </ul>	

4. The relevant teacher(s) for investigating and dealing with bullying is (are) as follows: (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

Refer to section 6.8.3. and 6.8.4 in the Procedures.

The Relevant Teachers in this school are:

The class teacher
The Principal

Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it e.g. the learning support /resource teacher.

5. The **education and prevention strategies** (including strategies specifically aimed at cyberbullying, homophobic and transphobic bullying) that will be used by the school are as follows (see Section 6.5 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*):

#### School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention and intervention.
- An annual audit of professional development needs with a view to assessing staff requirements through internal staff knowledge/expertise and external sources
- Professional development with specific focus on the training of the relevant teacher(s)
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extra- curricular
  activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant
  teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the
  school.
- Involvement of the pupils in contributing to a safe school environment e.g. Buddy system, mentoring, Lunchtime Pals and other student support activities that can help to support pupils and encourage a culture of peer respect and support.
- Anti-Bullying code for the school to be displayed publicly in classrooms and in common areas of the school. (Appendix 1)
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils. All parent(s)/guardian(s) have access to the policy which is available on the school website and in the school office on request.
- The implementation of regular (e.g. per year/per term/per month/per week) whole school awareness measures e.g. displays in the school and classrooms on the promotion of friendship, and bullying prevention; annual Friendship Week and parent(s)/guardian(s) seminars; annual or term student surveys; regular school or year group assemblies by principal.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils
  will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all
  pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving
  responsibly.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
  - o Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
  - Hand note up with homework.
  - Make a phone call to the school or to a trusted teacher in the school.
  - Telling box
  - Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
  - Administer a confidential questionnaire once a term to all pupils.
  - Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.

Clear protocols are communicated to parents/guardians in newsletters to encourage them to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied.

There is an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils' use of mobile phones.

#### Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE and CSPE curricula and the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes, e.g. Stay Safe Programme, The Walk Tall Programme
- Anti-bullying week each year
- Friendship week each year
- School wide delivery of lessons on relational aggression
- Delivery of the Garda SPHE Programmes. These lessons, delivered by Community Gardai, cover issues around personal safety and cyber-bullying.

- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.
- The school will implement the advice in "Sexual Orientation advice for schools" (RSE Primary, see booklet).

#### Links to other policies

This policy has been drawn up and is implemented in accordance with our Code of Behaviour, Child Protections policy, Supervision of pupils, Acceptable Use policy and our Attendance policy.

6. The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

### **Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying**

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

### Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher.

## Investigating and dealing with incidents: Style of approach (see section 6.8.9)

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in
  resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly
  as possible.
- Teachers will take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents will be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved.
- All interviews will be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils concerned.
   Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher will seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This will be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner.
- If a group is involved, each member will be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved will be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member will be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements
- Each member of a group will be supported through the possible pressures that may face them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher. It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s).
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the parents(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved will be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to school policy). The school will give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils.
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it will be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts will be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied.

• It will also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his/her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school.

### Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
  - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
  - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
  - Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
  - Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved may be arranged separately with a view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is ready and agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

#### Recording of bullying behaviour

All recording of bullying incidents will be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

### Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff will keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Incidents are initially recorded in the incident book. All incidents will be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher will keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher will inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

## Formal Stage 1- determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher will keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- All records retained by the relevant teacher are kept in a locked filing cabinet. The notes relevant to each child are kept in the appropriate blue pupil folders therein.

## Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher will use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and

b)In certain circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

Behaviours that must be recorded and reported immediately to the principal are: cyber bullying and serious physical assault. This is in line with the school's code of behaviour.

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. These records are kept in a locked filing cabinet in the relevant teacher's room and the principal's office. These records can be accessed only by the relevant teacher and principal and they will be retained for seven years

Others records will be kept in a locked filing cabinet.

#### **Established intervention strategies**

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews

7. The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows (see Section 6.8.16 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to
  participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and
  build resilience e.g.
  - Occasional social skills groups
  - Buddy system
  - o Circle time
  - o Individual support with resource teacher if necessary
- If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same, e.g. NEPS. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour
- Pupils are reminded that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

#### Referral of serious cases to other agencies

In relation to bullying in schools, Children First National Guidance for the Protection and Welfare of Children 2011 (Children First) and the Child Protection Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools provide that in situations where "the incident is serious and where the behaviour is regarded as potentially abusive, the school must consult the HSE Children and Family Social Services with a view to drawing up an appropriate response, such as a management plan".

Serious instances of bullying behaviour should, in accordance with the Children First and the Child Protection Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools, be referred to the HSE Children and Family Services and/or Gardaí as appropriate.

The Child Protection Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools also provide that where school personnel have concerns about a child but are not sure whether to report the matter to the HSE, the Designated Liaison Person must seek advice from the HSE Children and Family Social Services.

## Ongoing evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy

The effectiveness of the school's anti-bullying policy will be subject to review in the light of incidents of bullying behaviour encountered. The school staff will annually review its policy to determine the effectiveness of prevention and intervention strategies.

#### 8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and Practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

# 9. Prevention of Harassment

Date of next review: \_\_\_\_\_

take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to I	will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the nds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family the and membership of the Traveller community.
10. This policy was adopted by the Board of Managem	ment on [date].
otherwise readily accessible to parents and pupils on exists). A copy of this policy will be made available to 12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewe Written notification that the review has been completed school website (or where none exists, be otherwise re-	sonnel, published on the school website (or where none exists, is request) and provided to the Parents' Association (where one the Department and the patron if requested.  ed by the Board of Management once in every school year.  eted will be made available to school personnel, published on the eadily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided ord of the review and its outcome will be made available, if
Signed:(Chairperson of Board of Management)	Signed:(Principal)
Date:	Date: